VOLT INFORMATION SCIENCES, INC. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES

Role of Board and Management

VOLT's business is conducted by its employees, managers and officers, under the direction of the chief executive officer (CEO) and the oversight of the board of directors, to enhance the long-term value of the company for its shareowners. The board of directors is elected by the shareowners to oversee management and to assure that the long-term interests of the shareowners are being served. Both the board of directors and management recognize that the long-term interests of shareowners are advanced by responsibly addressing the concerns of other stakeholders and interested parties including employees, recruits, customers, suppliers, VOLT communities, government officials and the public at large.

The board of directors has four scheduled, as well as other non-scheduled, meetings a year at which it reviews and discusses reports by management on the performance of the company, its plans and prospects, as well as immediate issues facing the company. Directors are expected to attend all board and committee meetings. In addition to its general oversight of management, the board, through its committees or acting jointly also performs a number of specific functions, including:

- a. selecting, evaluating and compensating the CEO and overseeing CEO succession planning;
- b. providing counsel and oversight on the selection, evaluation, development and compensation of senior management;
- c. reviewing, approving am monitoring fundamental financial and business strategies and major corporate actions;
- d. assessing major risks facing the company and reviewing options for their mitigation; and
- e. ensuring processes are in place for maintaining the integrity of the company---the integrity of the financial statements, the integrity of compliance with law and ethics, the integrity of relationships with customers and suppliers, and the integrity of relationships with other stakeholders.

Director Qualifications

A majority of the members of the Board of Directors must meet the criteria for independence required by the NYSE MKT LLC ("NYSE MKT"), any other stock exchange on which the common stock or any other security of VOLT is listed, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for reviewing with the Board, on an annual basis, the requisite skills and characteristics required for new Board members as well as the composition of the Board as a whole. This assessment will include a review

of (1) members' qualification as independent, as well as consideration of a potential candidate's experience, areas of expertise and other factors relative to the overall composition of the Board and (2) the continued appropriateness of Board membership due to a change in the responsibility individual directors held when they were elected to the Board or for other reasons. Nominees for directors will be selected by the Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee in accordance with the policies and principles in its charter.

Directors must be willing to devote sufficient time to carrying out their duties and responsibilities effectively, and should be committed to serve on the board for an extended period of time.

The Board does not believe it should establish arbitrary term limits. While term limits could help assure that there are fresh ideas and viewpoints available to the Board, term limits involve the disadvantage of losing the contribution of directors who have been able to develop, over a period of time, increasing insight into the Company and its operations and, therefore, provide an increasing contribution to the Board as a whole. As an alternative to term limits, the Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee will review each director's continuation on the Board at least every three years. This will allow each director the opportunity to confirm his or her desire to continue as a member of the Board and the Board, through the Nominating/Corporate Committee, to consider the appropriateness of the director's continued service.

Director Responsibilities

The basic responsibility of the directors is to exercise their business judgment to act in what they reasonably believe to be in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. In discharging this obligation, directors should be entitled to rely on the honesty and integrity of the Company's senior executives and its outside advisors and auditors. The directors will also be entitled to be covered by reasonable directors' and officers' liability insurance purchased by the Company on their behalf; to the benefits of indemnification to the fullest extent permitted by law and by the Company's certificate of incorporation, bylaws, and any indemnification agreements; and to exculpation as provided by state law.

Directors are expected to attend Board meetings and meetings of Board committees on which they serve, to spend the time needed to discharge their Board duties in a reasonable manner, and to meet as frequently as necessary to properly discharge their responsibilities. Information and data that are important to the Board's understanding of the business to be conducted at a Board or committee meeting should generally be distributed in writing to the directors before the meeting, and directors should review these materials in advance of the meeting.

The Board has no policy with respect to the separation of the offices of Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer. The Board believes that this issue is part of the succession planning process and that it is in the best interests of the Company for the Board to make a determination when it elects a chief executive officer.

The Chairman should establish the agenda for each Board meeting. At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Chairman should establish a schedule of agenda subjects to be discussed during the year to the degree this can be foreseen. Each Board member may suggest the inclusion of items on the agenda. Each Board member also may raise at any Board meeting subjects that are not on the agenda for that meeting. The Board will review the Company's long-term strategic plans and the principal issues that the Company will face in the future during at least one Board meeting each year.

Non-management directors shall meet in regularly convened executive sessions but at least twice a year the director chosen to preside at the executive sessions, or the procedure for selecting a director to preside at executive sessions, shall be disclosed in accordance with NYSE MKT regulations The non-employee directors may meet without management present at such other times as determined by the presiding director. The Company shall also disclose the procedure by which interested parties may communicate directly and confidentially with the presiding director or independent directors as a group, which can be the same process established for communications with audit committee members

The Board believes that the management speaks for the Company. Individual Board members, from time to time, may meet or otherwise communicate with various constituencies that are involved with the Company. It is expected, however, that Board members would do this with the knowledge of the management and, absent unusual circumstances or as contemplated by the committee charters, only at the request of management.

Board Committees

The Board at all times will have an Audit Committee, a Compensation Committee (that may be called the Human Resources and Compensation Committee) and a Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee. All of the members of these committees will be independent directors under the criteria established by the NYSE MKT, any other stock exchange on which the common stock or any other security of VOLT is listed, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the SEC. Committee members will be appointed by the Board. The Board does not believe that rotation should be mandated as a policy.

Each committee will have its own charter. The charter for each committee will set forth the purposes and responsibilities of the committee as well as qualifications for committee membership, procedures for committee member appointment and removal, committee structure and operations and committee reporting to the Board.

The Chairperson of each committee, in consultation with the committee members, will determine the frequency and length of the committee meetings consistent with any requirements set forth in the committee's charter. The Chairperson of each committee, in consultation with the members of the committee and management, will develop the committee's agenda. At the beginning of each fiscal year, each committee will establish a schedule of agenda subjects to be discussed during the year, to the degree these can be foreseen. The schedule for each committee will be furnished to all directors.

The audit committee shall have the power to hire independent legal, financial, or other advisors as they may deem necessary, without consulting with or obtaining the approval of any officer of the Company in advance.

The Board, from time to time, may establish or maintain additional committees as necessary or appropriate.

Director Access to Officers, Employees and Independent Advisors

Directors have full and free access to officers and employees of the Company. Any meetings or contacts that a director wishes to initiate may be arranged through the offices of the CEO or the General Counsel. The directors will use their judgment to ensure that any such contact is not disruptive to the business operations of the Company and will, to the extent not inappropriate copy the CEO and the General Counsel on any written communications between a director and an officer or employee of the Company.

The Board, as appropriate in its judgment, will invite senior officers of the Company to attend Board meetings. If the CEO wishes to have Company personnel attend meetings on a regular basis or periodic basis, this suggestion would be brought to the Board for approval.

The main responsibility for providing assistance to the Board rests with the Company. The Board may seek legal or other expert advice from a source independent of management and shall be provided with resources for such purposes. Generally, this would be with the knowledge of the CEO, but this is not a condition to retaining such advisors.

Director Compensation

The form and amount of director compensation will be determined by the Compensation Committee and the Board in accordance with the policies and principles set forth in its charter, and the Compensation Committee will conduct an annual review of director compensation. The Compensation Committee will consider that directors' independence may be jeopardized if director compensation and perquisites exceed customary levels, if the Company makes substantial charitable contributions to organizations with which a director is affiliated, or if the Company enters into consulting contracts with (or provides other indirect forms of compensation to) a director or an organization with which the director is affiliated.

Director Orientation and Continuing Education

At such time as a director joins the Board, the Board and the CEO will provide appropriate orientation for the director, including arrangement of meetings with management. The Board considers it desirable that directors participate in continuing education opportunities as determined by the Board, and will reimburse directors for reasonable expenses for approved programs as appropriate.

CEO Evaluation and Succession

The Compensation Committee will conduct an annual review of the CEO's performance, as set forth in its charter. The Board of Directors will review the Compensation Committee's report. The Compensation Committee will make an annual report to the Board on succession planning.

The Compensation Committee will work with the Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee to nominate and evaluate potential successors to the CEO. The CEO should at all times make available his or her recommendations and evaluations of potential successors, along with a review of any development plans recommended for such individuals.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and Whistleblower Policy

The Company has a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics. The rules set forth in the Code are applicable to all employees and directors. The Code addresses several areas, including compliance with law, conflicts of interest, confidentiality of information, protection and proper use of company assets and the reporting of any illegal or unethical behavior (which is also addressed by the Company's Whistleblower Policy). Each director is expected to be familiar with and follow the Code and its Whistleblower Policy.

Annual Performance Evaluation

The Board of Directors will conduct an annual self-evaluation to determine whether it and its committees are functioning effectively. The Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee will report annually to the Board with an assessment of the Board's and its committees' performance based on the results of the self-evaluation. This will be discussed with the full Board following the end of each fiscal year. The assessment will focus on the Board's contribution to the Company and on areas in which the Board or management believes that the Board could improve.

Disclosure of Guidelines

These Guidelines will be made available in accordance with applicable rules and regulations.

Approved: September 2016