

**CHARTER OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE
OF
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
OF
BLACK DIAMOND, INC.**

Purpose

The Audit Committee is appointed by the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of Black Diamond, Inc. (the “Company”) to assist the Board in overseeing (1) the integrity of the Company’s financial statements, (2) the Company’s compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, (3) the independent auditor’s qualifications and independence, and (4) the performance of the Company’s internal audit function and independent auditors.

The Audit Committee shall prepare the report required by the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) to be included in the Company’s annual proxy statement, or, if the Company does not file a proxy statement, in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Committee Membership

The Audit Committee shall consist of no fewer than three members. The members of the Audit Committee shall meet the independence and experience requirements of the NASDAQ Stock Market, LLC (“NASDAQ”), Section 10A(m)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”) and the rules and regulations of the Commission. Each member of the Audit Committee must be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, in accordance with applicable NASDAQ audit committee requirements, as determined by the Company’s Board in its business judgment. In addition, at least one member of the Audit Committee shall in the business judgment of the Board be an “audit committee financial expert” as defined by the applicable rules and regulations of the Commission.

Audit Committee members shall not simultaneously serve on the audit committees of more than two other public companies unless the Board determines that such simultaneous service would not impair the ability of such member to effectively serve on the Audit Committee, in which case the Company shall disclose such determination in its annual proxy statement or, if the Company does not file an annual proxy statement, in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K. The members of the Audit Committee and the chairman shall be appointed by the Board. Audit Committee members may be replaced by the Board at any time with or without cause.

Meetings

The Audit Committee shall meet as often as it determines, but not less frequently than quarterly. The Audit Committee shall meet separately on a periodic basis with management, the

internal auditor and the independent auditor. The Audit Committee may request any officer or employee of the Company or the Company's outside counsel or independent auditor to attend a meeting of the Audit Committee or to meet with any members of, or consultants to, the Audit Committee.

Committee Authority and Responsibilities

The Audit Committee shall be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation, retention, and oversight of the work of any registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company. The Audit Committee shall be the sole authority to approve all audit engagement fees and terms, as well as non-audit engagements with the independent auditors. The Audit Committee shall be directly responsible for the oversight of the work of the independent auditor, including resolution of disagreements between management and the independent auditor. The registered public accounting firm shall report directly to the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee shall preapprove all auditing services and permitted non-audit services to be performed for the Company by its independent auditor, subject to the de minimis exceptions for non-audit services described in Section 10A(i)(1)(B) of the Exchange Act which are approved by the Audit Committee prior to the completion of the audit. The Audit Committee may delegate to one or more designated members of the Audit Committee authority to grant preapprovals of audit and permitted non-audit services, provided that decisions of such subcommittee to grant preapprovals shall be presented to the full Audit Committee at its next scheduled meeting.

The Audit Committee shall have the authority, to the extent it deems necessary or appropriate to carry out its duties, to engage independent counsel or other advisors. The Company shall provide for appropriate funding, as determined by the Audit Committee, (i) for payment of compensation to any registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company, (ii) for payment of compensation to any advisors employed by the Audit Committee, and (iii) for payment of ordinary administrative expenses of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee shall make regular reports to the Board. The Audit Committee shall review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter annually and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for approval. The Audit Committee shall annually review the Audit Committee's own performance.

The Audit Committee shall establish procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, and the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.

The Audit Committee, to the extent it deems necessary or appropriate, shall:

Financial Statement and Disclosure Matters

1. Review and discuss with management and the independent auditor the annual audited financial statements and quarterly financial statements, including disclosures made under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.”
2. Recommend to the Board whether the annual audited financial statements should be included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K and whether the quarterly financial statements should be included in the Company’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.
3. Discuss and review with management and the independent auditor significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the Company’s financial statements, including any significant changes in the Company’s selection or application of accounting principles, any major issues as to the adequacy of the Company’s internal controls and any actions taken in light of material control deficiencies.
4. Review reports from the independent auditor regarding:
 - (a) All critical accounting practices to be used.
 - (b) All alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles that have been discussed with management, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditor.
 - (c) Other material written communications between the independent auditor and management, such as any management letter or schedule of unadjusted differences.
5. Discuss with, the independent auditors and/or management:
 - (a) All critical accounting policies and practices to be used and significant financial reporting issues.
 - (b) All alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles including the ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditor.
 - (c) The effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives as well as off-balance sheet structures on the Company’s financial statements.
 - (d) The type and presentation of information to be included in earnings press releases, including the use of “pro forma” or “adjusted” non-GAAP information, as well as financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts and rating agencies.

6. Discuss with management the Company's major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures, including the Company's risk assessment and risk management policies.
7. Discuss with the independent auditor any difficulties encountered by the auditor in the course of the audit work, including any restrictions on the scope of activities or access to requested information, any significant disagreements with management, accounting adjustments that were noted or proposed by the auditor but were passed, any communications between the audit team and the audit firm's national office respecting auditing or accounting issues presented by the engaged, any "management" or "internal control" letter issued, or proposed to be issued, by the audit firm to the Company, and the responsibilities, budget and staffing of the Company's internal audit function.
9. Review disclosures made to the Audit Committee by the Company's CEO and principal financial officer during their certification process for the Annual Report on Form 10-K and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q about any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls or material weaknesses therein and any fraud involving management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal controls.

Oversight of the Company's Relationship with the Independent Auditor

10. Obtain and review a report from the independent auditor at least annually regarding (a) the independent auditor's internal quality-control procedures, (b) any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, or peer review, of the firm, or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities within the preceding five years respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the firm, and any steps taken to deal with any such issues, and (c) all relationships between the independent auditor and the Company.
11. Evaluate the qualifications, performance and independence of the independent auditor, including a review and evaluation of the lead partner of the independent auditor. The Audit Committee shall present its conclusions with respect to the independent auditor to the Board.
12. Ensure the rotation of the audit partners as required by law. Consider whether, in order to assure continuing auditor independence, it is appropriate to adopt a policy of rotating the independent auditing firm on a regular basis.
13. Set clear hiring policies for the Company's hiring of employees or former employees of the independent auditor taking into account the pressures that may exist for auditors consciously or subconsciously seeking a job with the Company.

Oversight of the Company's Internal Audit Function

14. Review the appointment and replacement of the senior internal auditing executive.
15. Review the significant reports to management prepared by the internal auditing department and management's responses.
16. Review with the full board any issues that arise with respect to the performance of the internal audit function.

Compliance Oversight Responsibilities

17. Discuss with the independent auditor whether, in the course of conducting their audit, it detected or otherwise became aware of information indicating that an illegal act (whether or not perceived to have a material effect on the Company's financial statements) has or may have occurred, and if so, the actions taken by the independent auditors in accordance with Section 10A(b) of the Exchange Act.
18. Obtain reports from management, the Company's senior internal auditing executive and the independent auditor that the Company and its subsidiary/foreign affiliated entities are in conformity with applicable legal requirements and the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics. Review reports and disclosures of insider and affiliated party transactions.
19. Discuss with management and the independent auditor any correspondence with regulators or governmental agencies and any published reports which raise material issues regarding the Company's financial statements or accounting policies.
20. Discuss with the Company's legal counsel matters that may have a material impact on the financial statements or the Company's compliance policies.

Limitation of Audit Committee's Role

While the Audit Committee has the responsibilities and powers set forth in this Charter, it is not the duty of the Audit Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Company's financial statements and disclosures are complete and accurate and are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and applicable rules and regulations. These are the responsibilities of management and the independent auditor.